#### NEW YORK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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## Developing a "Migraneous" Rat Model to Evaluate the Efficacy and

#### Mechanisms of OMT on Migraine Relief

Katherine Byrd OMS III<sup>1</sup>, Caroline Gregory OMS II<sup>1</sup>, Krishna Sharma<sup>3</sup>, Jennifer Xie PhD<sup>1</sup>, Regina Fleming DO<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Basic Science, <sup>2</sup>Department of Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine, New York Institute of Technology College of Osteopathic Medicine - Arkansas, Jonesboro, Arkan

In the contraction

Methods

Migraine

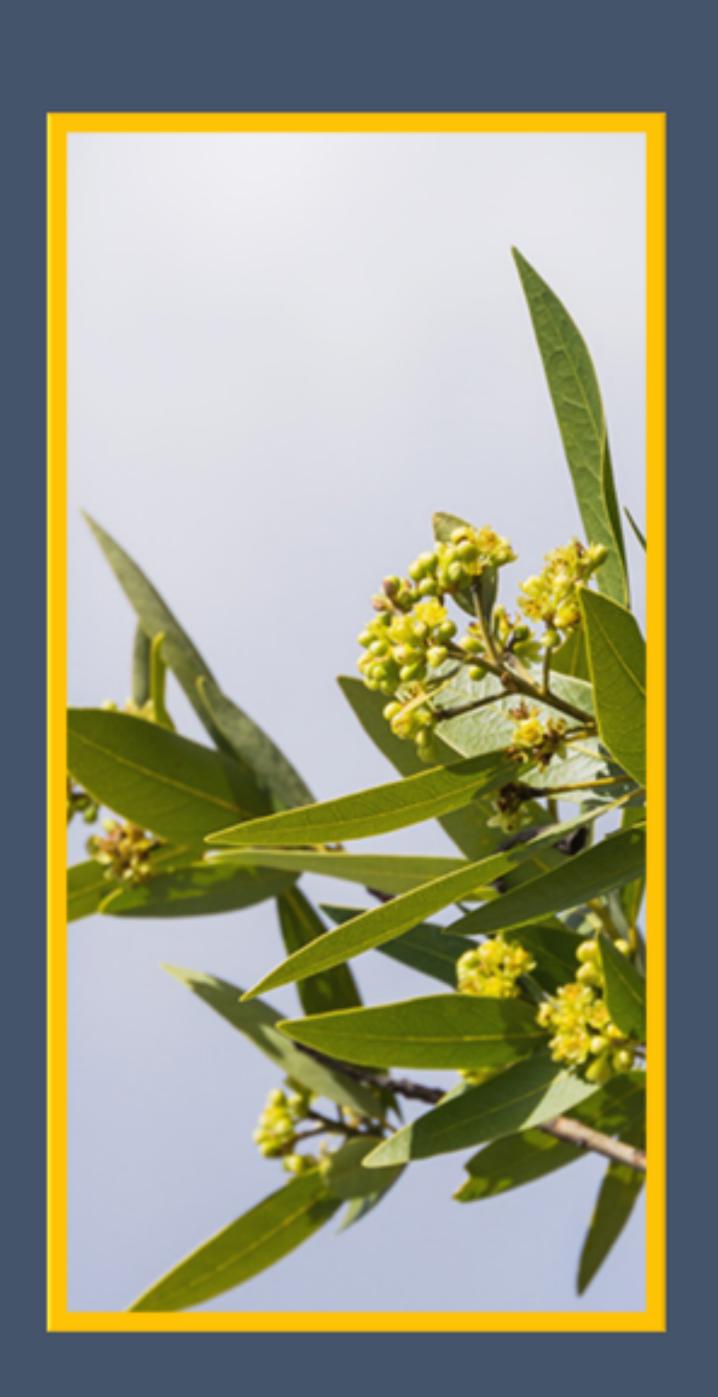
- Recurrent unilateral throbbing cephalic pain
- Associated with hypersensitivity to a variety of external stimuli, e.g. light, smell, and sound
- Neck pain is a common comorbidity
- Sensitization and activation of the trigeminocervical complex
- A novel rodent model of migraine
  - Durham group sensitized rats with CFA and then exposed them to California Bay Leaf extract
  - We used CFA + Umbellulone (TRPA1 agonist)
  - New behavior endpoint spontaneous running-wheel activities
- Clinically, OMT increase migraneurs' quality of life scores
  - Weak clinical trial efficacy
  - No mechanistic studies
- Our goal is to demonstrate the pathophysiologic underpinnings of OMT utilizing an established model of migraine pathology in rodents.



Umbellularia Californica - "headache tree"

Results

Discussion



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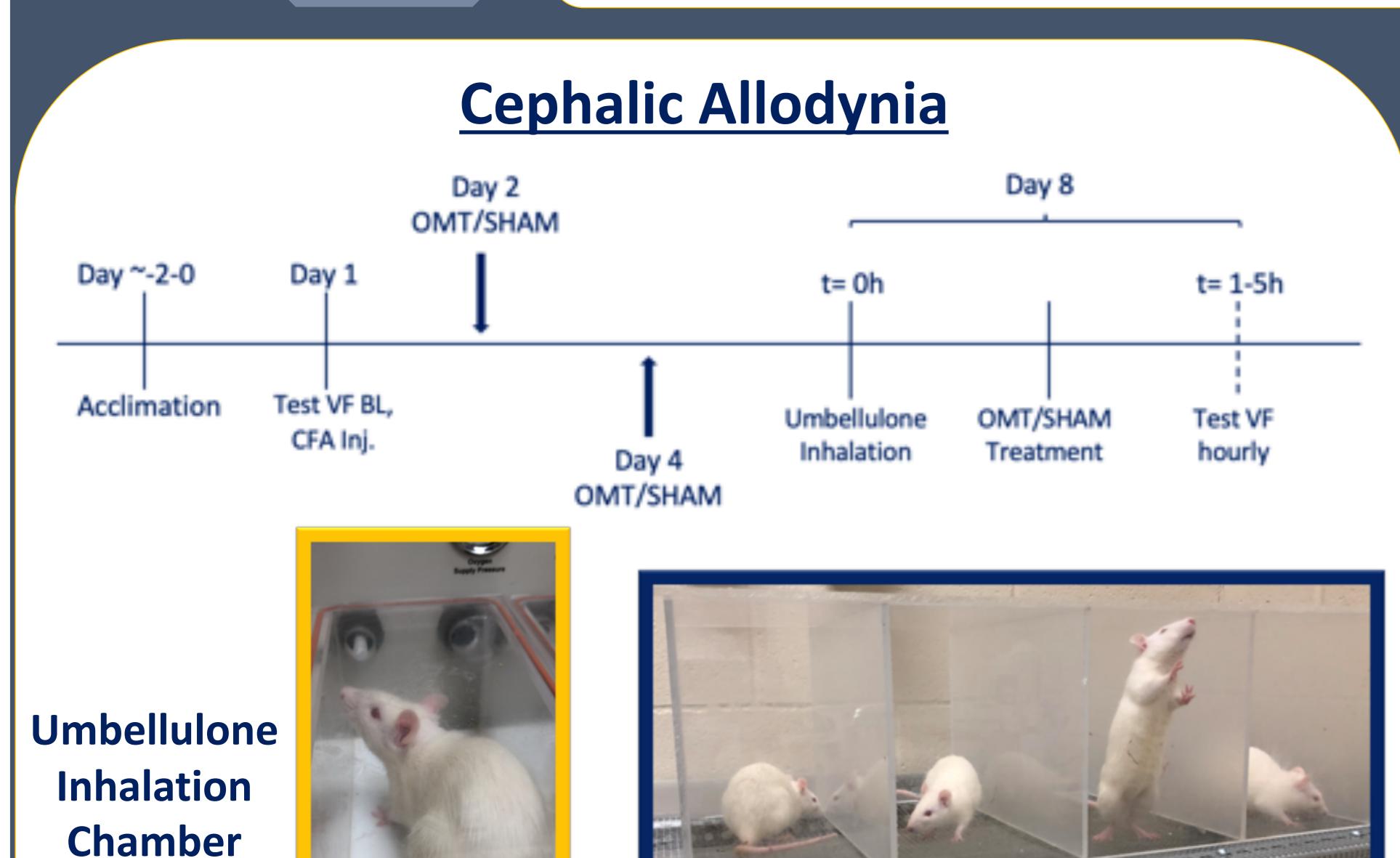
Introduction



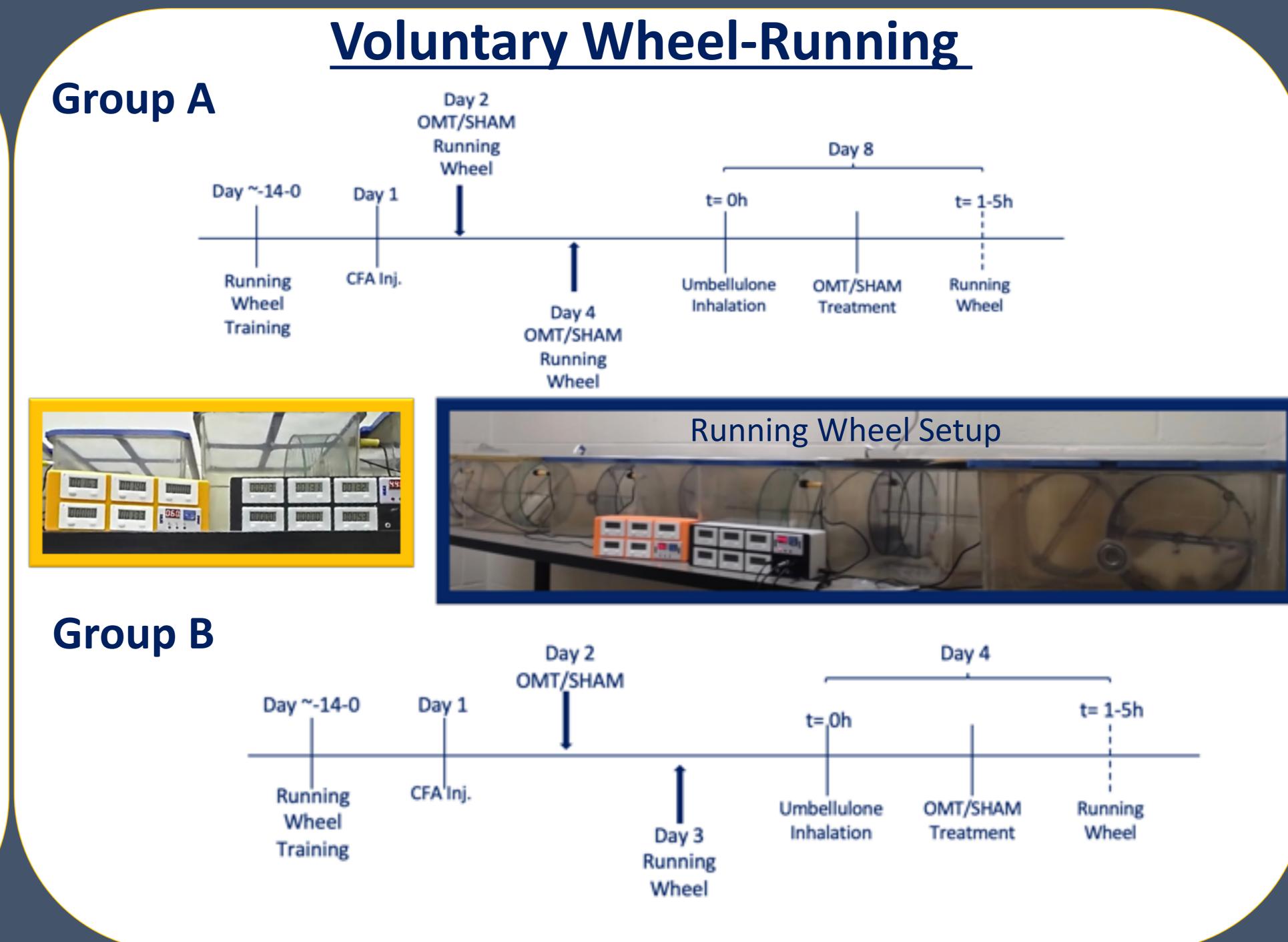
- Female Sprague Dawley Rats
- "Double-hit" strategy Priming with Complete Freund Adjuvant (CFA, 10 uL/injection, 5 injections/side) to the trapezius muscle
- Trigger with Umbellulone (50 mM/50 uL), the major volatile molecule of the California Bay Leaf, for 30 minutes at 2% O2
- OMT: 1 min soft tissue techniques, and 1 min articulatory techniques
- Behaviors were measured for 5 hours

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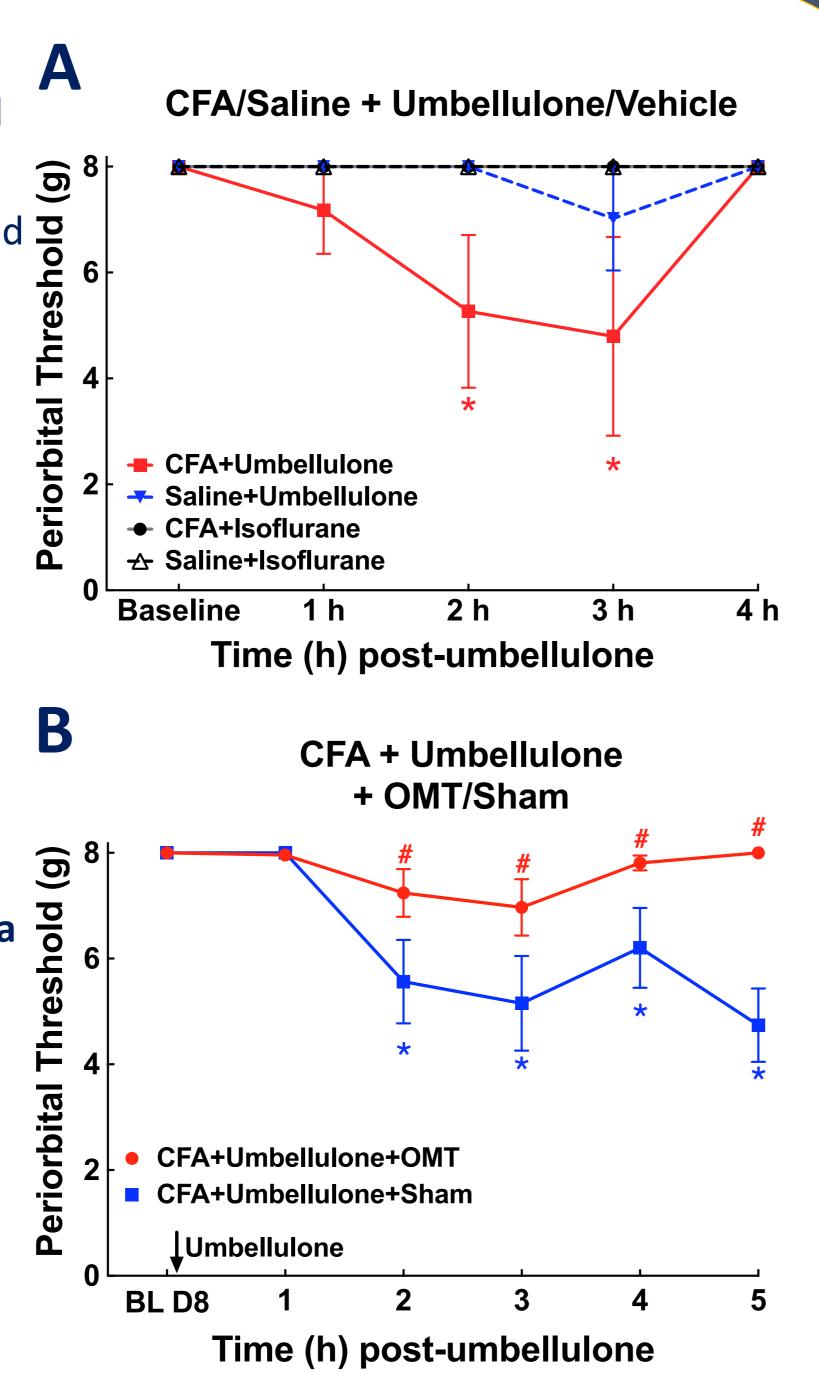
Discussion

#### Cephalic Allodynia

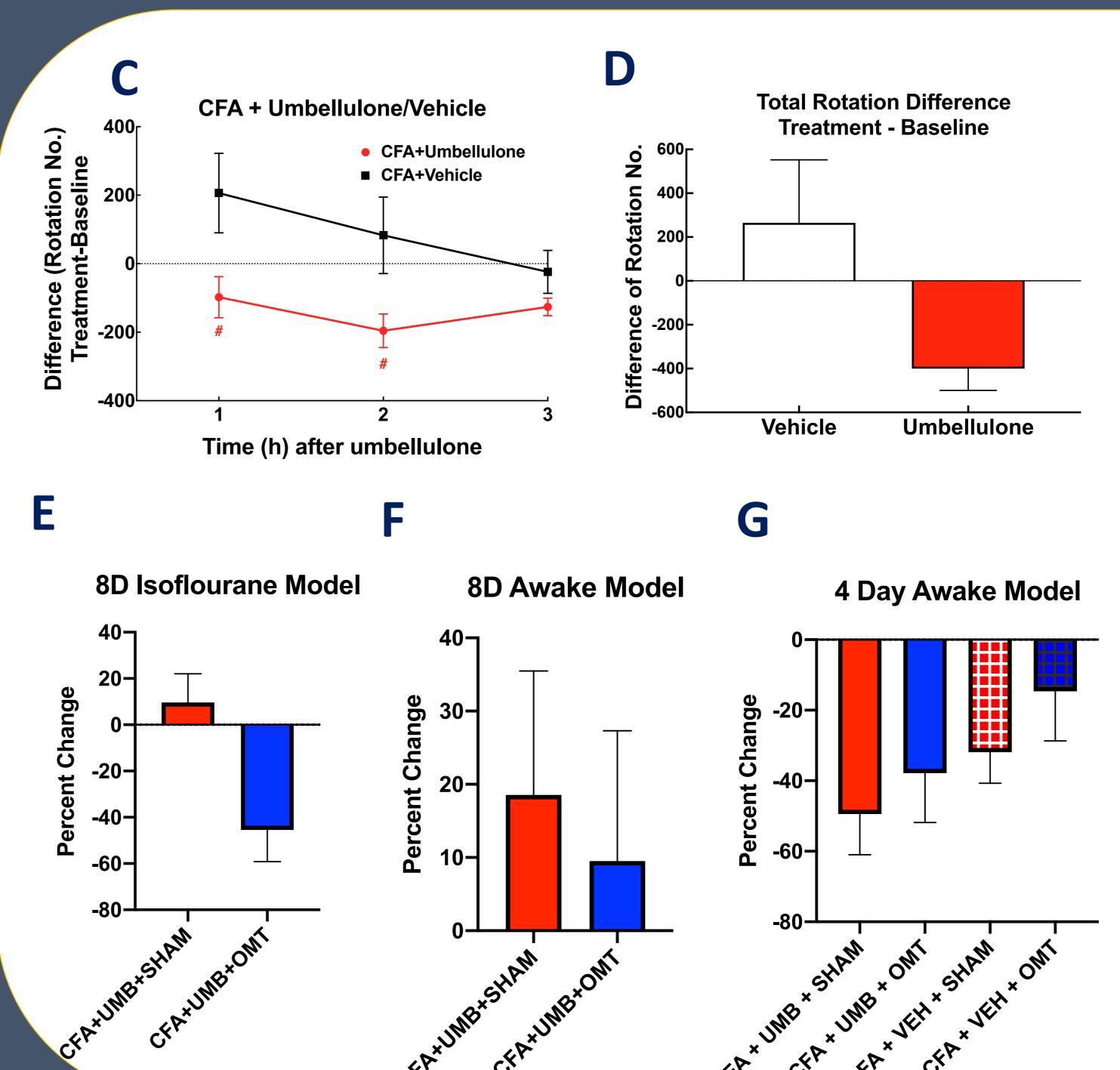
# Effect of OMT on Umbellulone-induced allodynia in CFA-primed SD rats.

Periorbital tactile threshold was assessed for baseline and hourly for 5 hour after Umbellulone or vehicle exposure with calibrated von Frey filaments (cutoff = 8g).

- A. Umbellulone significantly lowered tactile threshold at 2 and 3 h postdose in CFA primed rats. Saline-primed rats maintained normal threshold (n=5/group). P<0.05 compared to pre-umbellulone baseline to post-CFA on Day 8.
- B. OMT significantly diminished the development of periorbital allodynia induced by Umbellulone in CFA-primed rats. OMT was applied in some rats for 2 min under 2% isoflourane by a D.O. OMT was given at 3 times (D2, D4, D8 post-UMB). N=8/group. P<0.05 compared to corresponding control group at the same time point.



#### Voluntary Wheel-Running Activity



Effect of Umbellulone inhalation on wheel- running activity in CFA-primed rats across 4 day awake models, 8 day anesthetized models, and 8 day awake models.

C. & D. Umbellulone reduced voluntary running-wheel activities in CFA-primed rats. The difference between treatment and baseline indicated UMB treated rats experienced a decrease in spontaneous activity compared to vehicle groups at 1 and 2h post dose. N=3-4/group.

E, F & G. OMT showed a trend of reducing the impact of umbellulone. Prolonged isoflourane exposure has shown strong confounding effects to this behavior.

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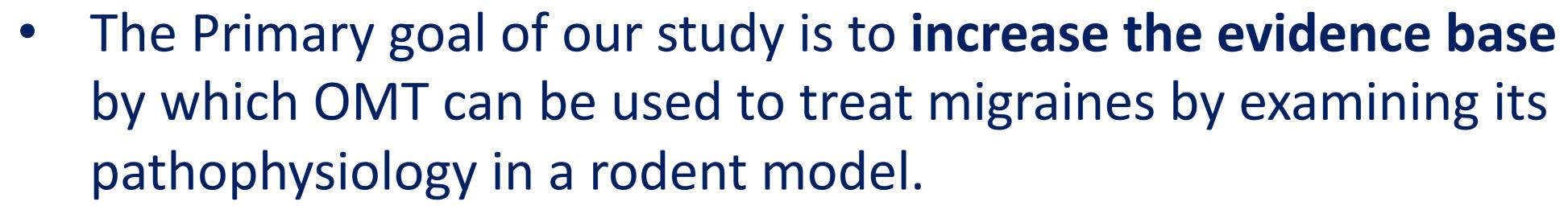
Mechanisms of OMT on Migraine Relief

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Introduction

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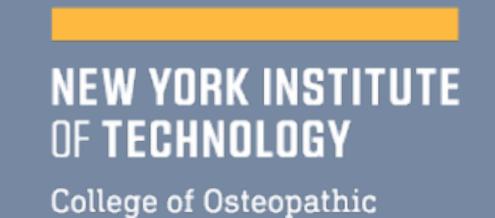


- At this time, we have modeled OMT's success in **reducing cephalic allodynia** in migraneous rats.
- We continue to make **step-wise adjustments** to our voluntary running-wheel model from performing OMT in anesthetized to awake animals and then shortening the time course. We hypothesize that, as in human, the rats may be experiencing soreness post-treatment. To mitigate this we plan to change the time course of the OMT/sham treatment themselves as if patient were coming in for treatment during the prodrome period of a migraine.
  - **Next steps** include gathering blood serum CGRP ELISA data and examining the trigeminal ganglia and trigeminal nucleus caudalis utilizing immunohistochemistry.

Results







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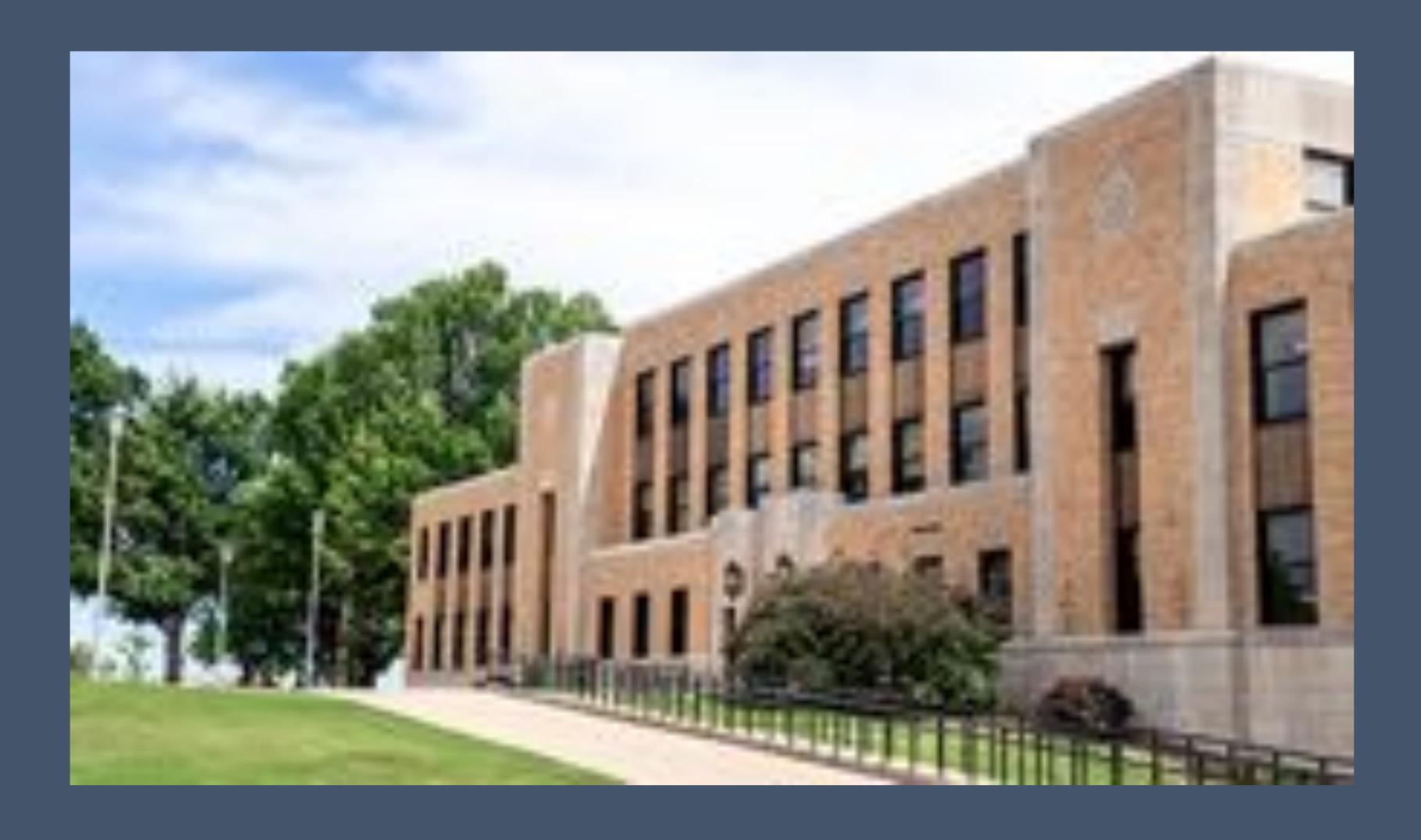
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