

Essential Tenets of "Good Governance": Strategies to Maximize Success

Mike Norbut, MBA

Vice President, Business Development, McKinley Advisors





Disclosures

No financial conflicts of interest.



Learning Objectives

- Understand the unique perspectives that leaders and staff bring to the Board room
- Develop strategies to forge a stronger Board-staff partnership
- Identify engagement methods to enhance the Board effectiveness



Today's Agenda

- Understanding Roles and Responsibilities: Board vs. Staff
- Characteristics of High-Performing Boards
- Forging a Stronger Board-Staff Partnership
- Tips to Enhance the Effectiveness of Your Board Meetings





Understanding Roles and Responsibilities: Board vs. Staff



The Bicycle Analogy

Front Wheel

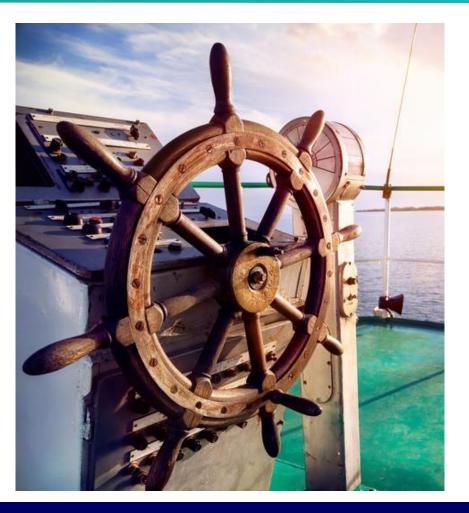
...Provides Direction ...Board ...Strategic ...Mission ...Vision ...Goals ...Fundraising

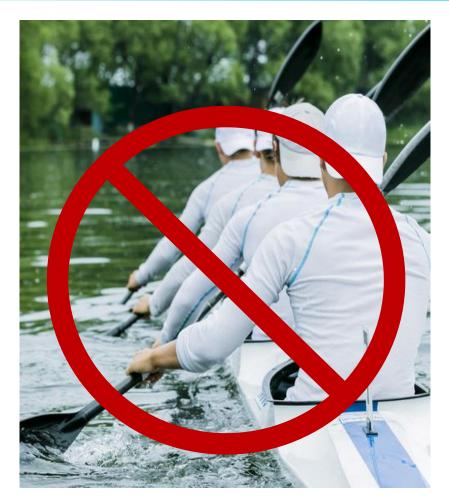


Back Wheel ...Propels Work ...Volunteers and Staff ...Tactical/ Operational Plans ...Budget ...Implementation ...Performance Management



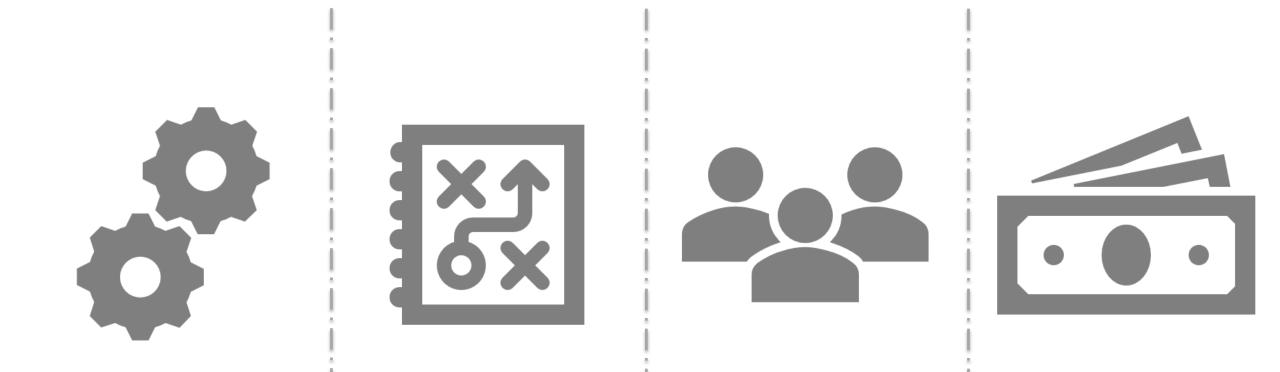
The Board's Job: Steer, Not Row







Basic Responsibilities Of Association Boards





Basic Responsibilities Of Association Boards



- Monitor and strengthen programs and services
- Ensure legal and ethical integrity



- Determine mission and purpose
- Ensure effective planning
- Enhance the organization's public standing



- Select the chief executive
- Support and evaluate the chief executive
- Build a competent Board



- Ensure adequate financial resources
- Protect assets
 and provide
 proper financial
 oversight



Basic Responsibilities Of Association Staff

- Execute strategy to achieve goals and objectives
- Supervise staff and oversee initiatives
- Serve as a liaison to volunteers on association initiatives (report progress, seek feedback and subject matter expertise)
- Monitor spending according to the organization's budget (approved by the Board)
- Track progress and report outcomes to Board





Characteristics of High-Performing Boards



Characteristics Of High-performing Boards

Exemplary Boards . . .

- Engage in intentional practices
- Focus on outcomes, not process
- Have a constructive partnership with staff
- Dialogue, debate, decide
- Foster trust, transparency and continuity
- Balance risk and opportunity
- Evaluate and improve their own performance





Characteristics Of High-performing Boards

Values	Culture	Rigor	Continuity
 Are mission driven Engage in strategic thinking Have a constructive partnership with staff 	 Promote a culture of inquiry Practice independent mindedness Promote an ethos of transparency 	 Are results oriented Comply with laws with high integrity Can steward and sustain resources 	 Engage in intentional board practices Engage in continuous learning Energize and revitalize themselves

Source: BoardSource



Five Minutes With Your Neighbor . . .

Quick Discussion:

- Where is your organization strongest?
- Where can your organization improve?





Forging a Stronger Board-Staff Partnership



If You're A Staff Member . . .

DO:

- Set organizational goals and review them regularly with leaders
- Be transparent and accountable
- Inform Board discussions with knowledge and data
- Respect the Board's knowledge and authority
- Assume the best intentions

DON'T:

- Withhold information
- Make decisions unilaterally if Board input is needed
- Engage in personnel conversations with volunteers
- Steer debates and discussions to suit a personal agenda



If You're A Board Member . . .

DO:

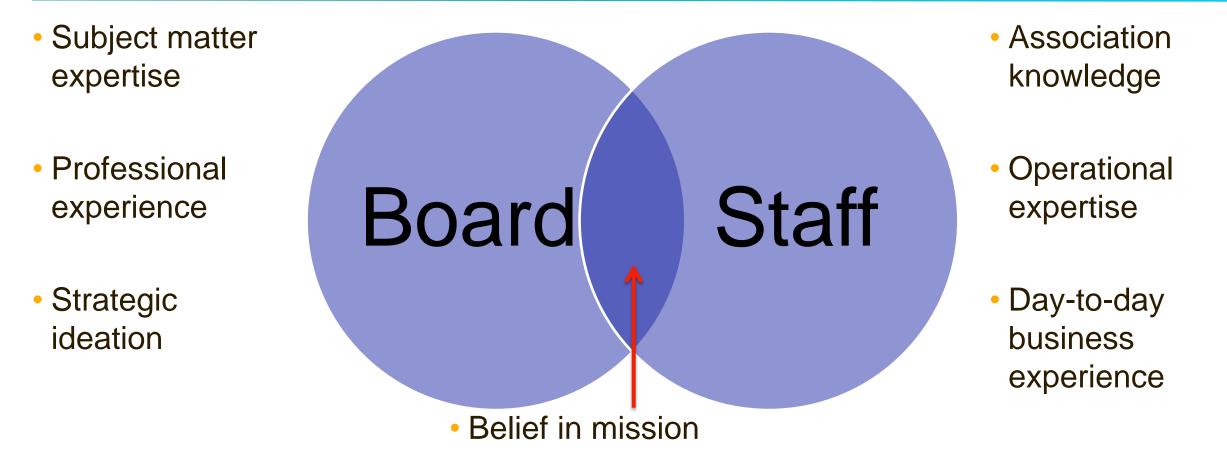
- Stay in touch with your fellow members about their perceptions of your organization's performance
- Debate issues as a Board to agree on the organization's priorities
- Be clear about your expectations of staff and desired outcomes
- Respect lines of authority bring your concerns to the CEO
- Assume the best intentions

DON'T:

- Openly debate personal opinions with staff
- Establish your own deadlines without consulting the CEO
- Forget the difference between "leadership" and "management" roles of directors
- Get directly involved with personnel issues or reprimand staff



Finding Overlap In Perspective



Understanding of goals







Enhancing the Effectiveness of Your Board Meetings



What Makes A Board Great?

"What distinguishes exemplary boards is that they are robust, effective social systems."

What Makes Boards Great Jeffrey A. Sonnenfeld Harvard Business Review September 2002



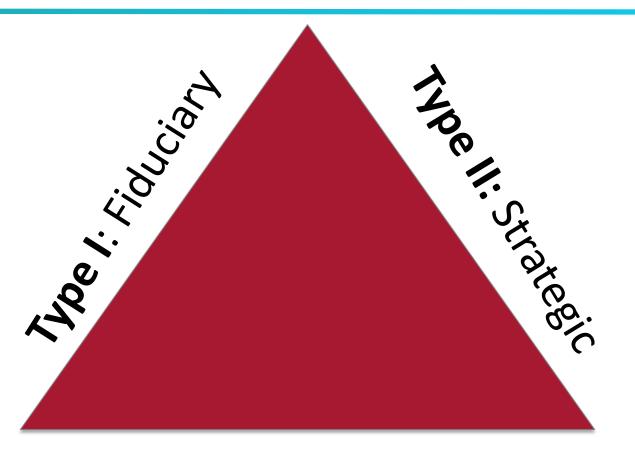
Communication Is Key

- Use Roberts Rules as a guide
- Develop, share in advance and follow an agenda
- Establish ground rules (and remind meeting attendees of them)
- Set clear intended outcomes for each meeting
- Take the time to ensure everyone has been heard
- Use the ELMO principle (enough let's move on) for time management
- Discuss, debate, decide, diffuse
- Use executive sessions as necessary



Think In All Three Modes

- Source: Governance is Leadership (published by BoardSource)
- Leadership should be more than simply reviewing committee reports
- Research shows when a Board thinks in all three modes, satisfaction and enthusiasm increase



Type III: Generative

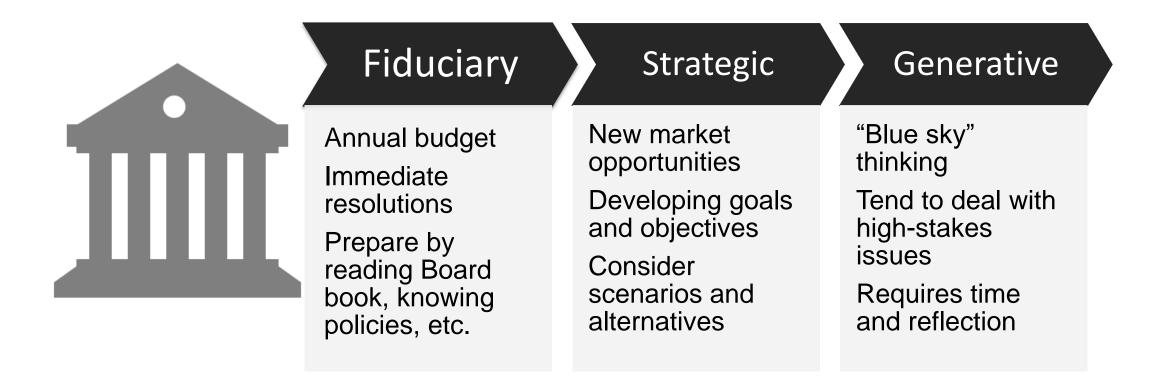


The Three Modes Of Governance

Fiduciary	Strategic	Generative	
"What's wrong?"	"What's the plan"	"What's the	
Problems are to be spotted	Problems are to be solved	question?" Problems are to	
Boards decide by reaching resolution	Boards decide by reaching consensus	be framed Boards decide by grappling and grasping	



Examples Of The Three Modes Of Governance





Five Minutes With Your Neighbor . . .

Quick Discussion:

- What changes can you make to strengthen your Board-staff partnership and improve your meetings?
- What key issues could serve as generative topics for your organization in the future?





Discussion





Thank You!

